Mathematical Determination of Temperature on a Cuboid Crystal in Photoacoustic Interaction

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Introduction

- Temperature of an isotropic cuboid crystal of elastic material in photoacoustic interaction is mathematically presented.
- This theoretical determination is carried out by applying the finite Marchi-Fasulo integral transform method within the crystal size limitations of a homogeneous cuboid crystal.
- The results are obtained in terms of infinite series and the numerical calculations are carried out by using MATHCAD -7 software.

Situation of the Cuboid Crystal



Fig. 2 : Cuboid Crystal in Photoacoustic interaction

Mathematical Determination

Consider that U(x, y, z, t) is the airy stress function which satisfies the differential equation,

$$\left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2}\right)^2 U(x, y, z, t) = -\lambda Y \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2}\right)^2 T(x, y, z, t)$$

Here T(x, y, z, t) denotes the translational temperature of the crystal satisfying the following differential equation,

$$\frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} + \frac{\theta(x, y, z, t)}{k} = \frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

By applying the finite Marchi - Fasulo transform, the calculation becomes,

$$\frac{d\overline{\overline{T}}^*}{dt} + \propto q^2 \overline{\overline{T}}^* = \propto (\emptyset + \frac{\overline{\overline{\theta}}^*}{k})$$

Result

• $T(x, y, z, t) = \frac{k}{c^2} \sum_{m,n=1}^{\infty} \left[\frac{P_m(x)}{\lambda_m} \right] \left[\frac{P_n(y)}{\mu_n} \right] \left[\phi_1(z) \Psi_1(t) - \phi_2(z) \Psi_2(t) \right]_+ \frac{2k\pi}{h^2} \sum_{l,m,n=1}^{\infty} \left[\frac{P_m(x)}{\lambda_m} \right] \left[\frac{P_n(y)}{\mu_n} \right] \left[\frac{l}{\cos l \pi} \right] \left[\frac{1}{1 + c l \pi^2} \right] \left[n_1(z) \Psi_3(t) - n_2(z) \Psi_4(t) \right]$

Conclusion

The exact expressions for the transient translational temperature on the surface of a cuboid crystal in a photoacoustic cell is mathematically determined using Marchi - Fasulo method in terms of thermal conductivity of an elastic

material of the crystal.